



WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1921.

LOS ANGELES



BERDEEN BROWN COUNTY I.W.W. BARRAGE

Bonus Bill Side-tracked Session of Senate Ended in Turmoil, Fisticuffs Threat

BY GRAFTON S. WILCOX.
(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—In one of the stormiest sessions in the Senate in years, the soldiers' bonus bill was side-tracked today, according to President Harding's desire, by a vote of 47 to 29.

The session was followed by scenes of disorder and near violence paralleled within the memory of the oldest Senator. The session was transformed into a veritable riot, defying efforts of the presiding officer to restore order.

Threatened fisticuffs, superheated epithets, a score of Senators demanding recognition at once, bewildering parliamentary entanglements, and a cloudburst on the roof of the Capitol, combined to create the almost unprecedented pandemonium.

FISTICUFFS ARE NEAR.
The chief belligerents were Senator McCumber of North Dakota, Republican; Senator Reed of Missouri, Democrat; and Senator Robinson of Arkansas, Democrat. Only the most polished of Senators on the part of peace-making colleagues prevented Senator McCumber and Senator Reed from engaging in a fist encounter.

The battle began when Senator McCumber, immediately following the vote on the bonus, took the floor to assure the Senate that the bill would not remain side-tracked long. He promised that it would be brought back again from the Finance Committee within the present session.

Democrats at once began to heckle the North Dakota Senator. Then they tried to choke off his speech. Senator Robinson making a point of order against it on the ground that the bonus bill was no longer before the Senate. He charged that Senator McCumber was using up the Senate's time trying to apologize for the vote on the bonus.

THEN STORM BREAKS.
A series of hopelessly involved parliamentary maneuvers, scores of Senators shouting at the tops of their voices demanding recognition from the chair, and the storm of the session burst upon the Capitol at this moment. The roar (Continued on Second Page.)

TRADE MUST BE BOOSTED Government Duty Says Hoover.

Tells Realtors Administration
Can Assist Business in
Three Ways.
(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
CHICAGO, July 15.—In this, the fourteenth period of industrial depression since the Civil War, President Harding's administration can be of assistance to business in three distinct ways, said Secretary of Commerce Hoover in this speech today before 5000 members of the National Association of Real Estate Boards, who are assembled in Chicago for their national convention.

"First—The government must," Mr. Hoover said, "as a matter of primary duty, drive every combination out of business that attempts to restrain trade."

"Second—The government to some degree, directly or indirectly, controls or obstructs the flow of credits and it is therefore responsible toward this part of the problem. Third—The government can and should interest itself in dissemination of information in scientific and technical fields, in materials and methods and in co-operation with industries to receive voluntary reduction in wastes, that the cost of homes may be decreased."

OUTLINES TWELVE PHASES.
Secretary Hoover outlined twelve different phases of the economic program of President Harding's administration and the President said his Cabinet are "giving every effort to remove the great burdens upon commerce and industry."

The twelve points are as follows:
(1) The revision of our tax system.
(2) The reduction of government expenditures.
(3) The settlement of the tariff.
(4) The reorganization of our mercantile marine.
(5) The reorganization of our Federal machinery for more efficient service.
(6) The refunding of foreign loans.
(7) The relief of the world from armament.
(8) The assistance to exporters of our commodities.
(9) The upbuilding and safeguarding of our foreign commerce.
(10) The assistance to our farmers through supplementary to the Federal Farm Loan Administration.
(11) The expeditious settlement of the obligations of the government to the railroads.
(12) Encouragement to development of our great power resources.

NECESSARY PRELIMINARY.
The disarmament conference is a preliminary to the general plan and a necessary one. When those who are in the habit of thinking of our country with other countries meet to talk over one thing it is easy enough to have a conversation in a few days that belief in the possibility and feasibility of an association of nations is still one of the President's holdings.

RAIL PAYMENTS.
The expeditious settlement of the obligations of the government to the railroads is a matter of the greatest importance. It is a matter that they may quickly resume normal employment and enlarged maintenance and betterment expenditures.

PLACE DUTY ON ALL HIDES. House Also Taxes Shoes and Other Leather Products After Hot Fight.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—Hides—raw, green and pickled—were thrown off the Fordney tariff free list today by the House, which voted, 247 to 177, to impose an ad valorem duty of 15 per cent, to be followed by another amendment taxing all leather products, including shoes. Eight Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, which framed the bill, voted for free hides, and Representative Garner of Texas, ranking Democratic committee member, in charge of the general fight against the bill, voted for the tax.

There were many breaks from straight party lines of the first contested section of the measure, but finding themselves with votes to spare, Republican leaders forced an early adjournment over the Democratic demand that the bill be read for amendment.

Representative Hawley, Republican member of the committee, in pleading against the duty, declared the farmers by a tariff would get less than they were now paid, and that \$1,000,000 would be added annually to the nation's shoe and leather bill. He was joined by Representative Burton, a former Senator, who had been running the Payne-Adair bill did not put one cent of tax on the hide of the cow.

The action of the leaders in adjourning after a five-hour session, and on the heels of an eleven-hour sitting yesterday, ended the hope of Democrats of a chance to demand a vote on amendments generally. After debate had been running for two hours, Representative Garrett of Tennessee, the acting Democratic leader, offered a motion to close debate at once so the House might have an opportunity to work on the bill under the five minute rule, according to the legislative custom.

The Republicans countered with a motion for two additional hours of debate, and got it by a party vote of 247 to 177.

REDS HERDED INTO TWO GROUPS, TOLD TO MOVE; OTHERS ON WAY TO CITY

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)
ABERDEEN (S. D.) July 15.—One hundred and three alleged I.W.W. were driven out of Aberdeen and vicinity tonight by citizens' posse, aiding Sheriff H. C. Elliott of Brown county. They were herded in two groups, one sent east and the other north.

Each group was driven about ten miles. Other towns in the vicinity have been notified to keep the men moving.

Officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway here received word tonight that 300 I.W.W. had boarded a freight train at Mitchell bound to this city from the West and would arrive here about midnight. Another unverified report was that 200 more were on their way here and probably would arrive tomorrow.

HOPE TO FREE PRISONER.
According to the authorities, it is believed the I.W.W. hope to liberate Harry Casey, arrested here last night on a charge of syndicalism after a demonstration against the police.

At Wolsley, about fifty miles south of here, an unidentified man was found dead, believed to have been murdered.

Following the arraignment of Casey in municipal court, groups of from fifteen to twenty men entered downtown cafes, ate meals ranging in cost from 75 cents apiece to \$2.50 and fled out without paying, telling the cashiers to "charge it to the Mayor."

POSSE ORDERED OUT.
By 5 o'clock few of these men were to be seen on the streets. They had gathered in a camp a few miles east of the city along the Chicago and Northwestern Railway tracks. It was estimated there were 300 of them there. They refused to disband and were ordered out by Sheriff Elliott, who then sent word for his posse to come out.

Acting as a posse of men were on the way to the scene by 7 p.m. Many of them were former service men. A newspaper man, who mingled with the I.W.W. today was told by one, who displayed a red card, that there were about 300 men here. Not all of them, he said, were "card men" but forty "card men" were coming from Mitchell on a late afternoon train and that by Sunday morning a crowd of 500 men, "card men" were expected "to get Casey out of jail if he were not released before then."

Casey, who told the police his home is in Chicago, is charged with syndicalism after a demonstration against the police last night and this morning by a crowd of 500 men, who came here to work in the harvest fields. Casey, according to the police, carried an I.W.W. card.

ADVISES AGAINST WORK.
In a statement made to the police, Casey contends that the Federal Employment Bureau advertised for 1000 men to work in the harvest fields. He told a crowd of idle workers last night that 300 are here and 2500 are on their way, and that they should not work for 15 a day, he said, "as that is not a living wage."

Casey was arrested on a charge of obstructing the sidewalk and was taken to the County Jail. A crowd of about 1000 gathered and sent a delegation of three to the Chief of Police to demand Casey's release within twenty minutes. The Chief of Police told them he would not release the prisoner and he would have a fair trial. The mob dispersed.

This morning a crowd gathered, but the police dispersed it.

STATION STORMED.
(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)
GREAT FALLS (Mont.) July 15.—After a crowd of strike sympathizers, estimated at 1000, stormed the police station and had been driven back by the use of fire hose, Mayor Armour this afternoon called Gov. Dixon by telephone to ask the availability of State militia. Learning that Montana has no National Guard available, he asked the Governor to learn the possibility of getting Federal troops.

Mr. De Valera will meet Mr. Lloyd George again Monday, while Sir James has summoned some members of his Cabinet to London. United would appear to indicate that some suggestion worthy of consideration by the Ulster government has come to light.

SIMS IS MORE POPULAR. Hundreds Congratulate Admiral on His Talk Which Brought Reprimand.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—So numerous are letters and telegrams received by Admiral Sims following his speech in London last month, when he expressed himself concerning the activities of "technical American citizens" in this country who seek to disturb good relations between the United States and England in the interest of an "Irish republic," that the admiral has been forced to resort to a printed form by way of acknowledgment.

Including cables sent him from the United States before he left London, wireless messages received on shipboard, and telegrams, letters and resolutions, which awaited him in New York and at Washington, the admiral has been kept busy with them since he returned from his tour.

Similar messages have been arriving ever since at the rate of more than 100 a week and many are still being received here and forwarded to him by the Navy Department.

The form letter goes out by the admiral on his return to Newport, following his reprimand by Secretary of the Navy Denby for the London utterances, is as follows:
"Newport, R. I., July 15, 1921.
"I thank you very sincerely indeed for your thoughtful kindness in taking the trouble to inform me of your approval and appreciation of the sentiments I expressed in the speech I delivered in London before the English Speaking Union on July 10, 1921."

"It is significant that I have been assured by hundreds of telegrams and letters from all parts of the United States that the people generally approve the sentiments expressed in that speech, and that they are strongly disposed effectively to resist any interference in our domestic policies or foreign relations by any hyphenated class of citizens who would weaken the United States."

"I should like to have acknowledged your communication in a more personal manner, but the number of similar messages I have received would render this possible only at the expense of very considerable delay."

HOPE IN IRISH PROBLEMS.
Premier Again Meets De Valera and Holds Conference With Sir James Craig.
(BY CABLE AND ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, July 15.—Two most important conferences were held today in the office of the Prime Minister, Mr. Lloyd George, and the leaders of Southern and Northern Ireland to lay the foundation of a meeting of the leaders of the two countries to endeavor to reach a solution of the Irish problem. The first conference was between Mr. Lloyd George and Eamon de Valera, the Irish republican leader, and the second between Mr. Lloyd George and Sir James Craig, Premier of Ulster. No official information as to the results attained was issued.

Mr. De Valera will meet Mr. Lloyd George again Monday, while Sir James has summoned some members of his Cabinet to London. United would appear to indicate that some suggestion worthy of consideration by the Ulster government has come to light.

It is said there is every prospect the proposed conference of Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. De Valera and Sir James will materialize early next week.

The two days' interim in the peace preliminaries proved to be a critical period in the negotiations, but in the councils of neither of the parties concerned in their manifestation of fear that the difficulties of the situation will not be bridged.

When the Ulster Premier left Downing street this afternoon, Mr. Lloyd George had had four hours' discussion with Mr. De Valera, and two hours and a half with Sir James. There is reason to believe that there was little of the view-point of the three leaders, which had not been made perfectly clear to the others. Each also was cognizant of what failure would mean.

Mr. Lloyd George, this afternoon, was able to amplify the knowledge which Sir James already had, concerning Mr. De Valera's attitude. The next move was the urgent summons to London of Mr. De Valera, Premier of several members of the Ulster Cabinet.

It is inferred the storm center has been shifted to London.

sometimes it is your step in, try on these you have solved the case, you will be glad to whatever the price, all to 35.00.

business or social function comfortable in its line, well styled.

FILMS BY MAIL NOW.
Fight to Use Parcel Post is Won by
Cinema Manufacturers.

ATTEST
NEWS:

and Saturday

Wend-up of the

val Sale

open Monday at 9 a.m.

Chappel

For years in spite of every precaution that could be made, parcel post shipment of films to foreign countries has been denied, due to objection of fire insurance underwriters in New York interested in the insurance on ships carrying the mails and the parcel post shipment. Forced to use express and other means of transportation at 50 per cent greater cost than the parcel post, the motion-picture people kept up an important discovery.

Not long ago they discovered that the same ships which refused parcel post films from the United States were carrying films from foreign countries to the United States in the parcel post. When this fact was placed before P.M.-Gen. Hays he immediately opened the parcel post to all shipments of United States films under the general rules and regulations. The motion-picture people were able to show that in the past years, in the limited field that they were permitted to use parcel post, there had never been an accident, and that all shipments had been made in approved fireproof containers.

The association has also made arrangements with the Treasury Department to store, at its own expense, in a fireproof vault, films returned from abroad. Under a former ruling of the treasury all of the returned films had to be taken from the treasury control at the customs-house in New York within forty-eight hours from arrival from Europe.

The treasury insisted that there could be no liability on account of fire, as it had no safe place to store the films. In the event the owners did not take them up at the end of the forty-eight hours the treasury sold the films at auction and they were bought by speculators in New York and the owners later had to redeem them, sometimes at excessive cost. This was a special hardship on the western makers who could not receive notice in time to make prompt withdrawal from the treasury.

Mexican Troops
Are Hurried Into
Tuxpam District.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)
VERA CRUZ, July 15.—The dispatch of troops to the oil regions extending from Tuxpam to Tampico is continuing, and tonight the Mexican steamer Jalisco will sail with 500 men for Tuxpam, where military headquarters have been established. A Vera Cruz dispatch of July 10 stated that 2000 government soldiers had been sent to the oil fields, and had left that port the day previously for the oil regions.

MEXICO CITY, July 15.—Federal troops have been dispatched to the States of Tamaulipas and San Luis Potosi to put down rebellious movements headed by Daniel Martinez Herrera, Gen. Alejandro Chao and Lieut.-Col. Horatio Munoz. Dispatches reporting the uprisings were confirmed last night by Secretary of War Estrada. The Secretary asserted that Herrera was using his prestige as former principal aide to Gen. Manuel Palaz, former military governor of Tamaulipas, to gain adherents. Gen. Palaz issued a statement last night disclaiming knowledge of Herrera's movements.

Temperatures in Principal Cities.

Following are the maximum temperatures yesterday in various eastern cities compared with Los Angeles:

New York 73
Boston 82
Philadelphia 82
Chicago 80
Indianapolis 80
Los Angeles 83

AGREEMENT ON COTTON DUTY.

Fifteen Per Cent Tax Will be Asked of House.

Gives Protection to Growers of Long Staple.

Californians Are Encouraged Over Outlook

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Ways and Means Committee today agreed to offer to the House an amendment to the tariff providing for a 15 per cent duty on cotton, based upon the value of the product. This followed a conference of the cotton States Congressmen with the subcommittee of the Ways and Means Committee in which Congressman Swing of Imperial Valley represented the growers of long staple cotton of California and Arizona.

This action is equivalent to a duty of 7 1/2 cents on cotton valued at 50 cents per pound, and insures protection against the importation of the long staple cotton from other countries. The only source of cotton which will compete with that grown in California and Arizona with a tariff of 15 cents per pound in the emergency tariff. As the new tariff now pending provides for a 15 per cent duty on the value of the cotton, it is to be assessed to the value of the cotton in the United States, there is no possibility of breaking down the duty through a low valuation.

WILL GIVE PROTECTION.
Inasmuch as the United States practically provides the world with long staple cotton, there probably will never be any importation of this class of cotton, and it would be impossible to get a specific duty on long staple cotton without unduly increasing the duty on the other grades of cotton which would be very difficult and complicated. The same purpose will be served by the amendment which was arrived at today and the long staple cotton will be protected.

At first it was expected that pressure could be secured to get an amendment through the Ways and Means Committee for a duty of 20 per cent on cotton. But after several conferences and discussions a compromise was reached whereby this figure was reduced to 15 per cent. The amendment will be acceptable to the House. It is to be expected that the measure when it becomes law.

Up to date the fight has been successfully handled and much of the credit is due to the California delegation in Congress for shaping the plans so that the Ways and Means Committee would be able to pass the amendment which so well covers the situation.

Californians in Congress tonight are feeling greatly encouraged by the success of the amendment. The Ways and Means Committee through amendments to be offered to the bill on the floor of the House. It has been a day of conferences with the subcommittee of the Ways and Means Committee and the most pressing needs of California growers have been aggressively presented to them in charge of the legislation.

One of the first things to be done was to demand for higher duties on beans which are provided for at the rate of 1 1/4 cents. The duty on beans is now 1 cent per pound. The California bean-growers were carefully presented and a demand made for a duty of 2 cents per pound to prevent loss and ruin to many of the growers who have spent much time and money in developing this business.

Almond growers will not get the 8 cents demanded on unshelled nuts and 15 cents on shelled almonds, but it is believed the committee will approve and offer an amendment to change the ratio and make duty 4 cents on unshelled and 8 cents on shelled almonds.

WALNUTS TO FARE SAME.
Walnuts will probably fare much the same. While both the almond and walnut growers are anxious to get a 2-to-1 differential and shelled walnuts will carry a rate of 7 1/2 cents.

One of the most encouraging reports from the Ways and Means Committee after the conference was the probability that the by-products of the lemon industry will fare better than at first expected. One of the members assures the California delegation that citrus of lime now slated for a rate of 2 1/2 cents a pound would be raised to 7 or 8 cents. That is, of course, if the House accepts an amendment to the effect which the committee will offer.

Two cents additional duty will be given to citric acid now placed at 10 cents per pound, making the new rate 12 cents. This will have to come before the House in the shape of another amendment, but the Ways and Means Committee is said to be willing to offer it.

There will be no change in the duties on lemons for the rate of 2 cents per pound is all that could possibly be maintained and no fight at this session will be made on this item.

I. W. W. DRIVEN FROM ABERDEEN
(Continued from First Page.)
down town corner with shouts of "Bring him up!"

Stephen, Shirley R. Ford, president of the Great Falls National Bank, and other business and professional men, have for several days been driving nonunion workers to and from work. The city's entire police force could be called to the station. City firemen, Sheriff's deputies and railroad detectives deputized by the Sheriff were all organized to be ready to resist violence.

Many Death Threats Mailed.
(By Cable and Associated Press.)
YOKOHAMA, July 15.—Some Americans here, but more Englishmen, have received letters written in English, threatening them and their families with death unless they pay the writers of the letters large sums of money. The police are investigating.

SOLDIER BONUS BILL IS BEATEN.

(Continued from First Page.)

Disarmament Conference but Preliminary to Plan.

Harding Favors Association of Great Powers.

Japan Still Holds Back on Far East Problems.

(Continued from First Page.)
Department feels that the other countries are waiting also for American initiative in the matter of a definite getting together of the United States with some kind of an association to maintain the peace of the world.

HUGHES'S ATTITUDE.
Everything that has happened since Hughes entered the Cabinet has made it appear that he is an advocate of a strong association of some kind, which can function for the good of the world. The President himself had declared for some kind of association, but the meaning of what he said was more than a trifle nebulous. It clouds have been nothing recently but strong intimation. It proves as strongly as words that Hughes is not a pacifist. He occupies a more advanced position in the matter of closer international relations than had been previously supposed.

Washington sees in this the indication of a desire to do something to make the world a better place. The President's troubles which he is taking up to follow. It seems to be the feeling among men here who are more or less close to the administration that the President intends to develop his plan for the insurance of peace on earth so gradually that it will be possible to meet and overcome objections one by one.

President Harding seems to be able to make his way as yet through a small sea of trouble. He has been able to get the bonus breakers safely and there seems to be a feeling that he will be able to follow. It seems to be the feeling among men here who are more or less close to the administration that the President intends to develop his plan for the insurance of peace on earth so gradually that it will be possible to meet and overcome objections one by one.

TO CONVINCING JAPAN.
The Washington administration is looking to convince Japan that she will not be placed in a disadvantage in the forthcoming conference on limitation of armaments and Far Eastern problems.

President Harding believes that Japan is able to stand the tide of opposition in both branches of the proposed conference and will agree to discuss the Far Eastern questions with the other powers invited as well as the issue of reducing armaments.

Following the Cabinet meeting it was learned that the Japanese response to the President's invitation which was a cordial acceptance of the proposal to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. The second proposal that the international treaties which make present day aggressive armaments necessary are to be discarded in view of general adjustment.

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MAY UNITE FOR PEACE OF WORLD

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STILL HOPE FOR IRISH SOLUTION.

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Washington Will be Launched Soon; for Pacific Fleet.

(By A. P. MONT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Washington, the third American battleship with electric drive installation, will be launched at Camden, N. J., early in September, the Navy Department announced today.

She is the fourth ship in the Navy to bear the name, the first three being sailing vessels, built in 1814, 1816 and 1843. The new Washington is a sister ship of the Maryland, which it is expected will be turned over to the Navy early in August. She is 350 feet long, 45 feet beam, and will displace 16,000 tons. She will be armed with sixteen-inch guns, and will have a top speed of 21 knots. She will be the first American battleship to have electric drive.

Miss Jean Summers, daughter of Congressman J. W. Summers of Walla Walla, Wash., will be sponsor when the Washington is launched. The Washington, which is being built by the New York Shipbuilding Corporation, has a displacement of 16,000 tons, is 354 feet long and 45 feet beam. Her four propellers, driven by 20,000-horsepower power motors supplied with power from two 18,000-horsepower turbine generators, are expected to give her a top speed of 21 knots. She is an oil burner and probably will be assigned to the Pacific Fleet.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES RESENT GRAFT CHARGE
(By A. P. MONT WIRE.)
NEW YORK, July 15.—Employees at the immigration station on Ellis Island held indignation meetings today to protest against the charges by Immigration Commissioner Byron H. Uhl, that immigrants had been forced out of \$500,000.

The charges of graft are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl. The charges are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl. The charges are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl.

BELIEVE DISCIPLINE BEGINS AT HOME
(By A. P. MONT WIRE.)
CHICAGO, July 15.—The National Association of Taxicab Owners, in convention here, today launched a campaign to prevent the taxicab from being used as a means of transportation for the public at large from reckless driving. The delegates represent the larger taxi companies of Chicago, San Francisco, Pittsburgh, Kansas City and many smaller cities.

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(By Cable and Associated Press.)
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All the dockyards have been closed for ten days and demonstrations have been prohibited. The strike leaders yesterday threatened to employ the methods of the Italian workers, who took over and operated metal and other plants in Italy until their demands were conceded. The demands of the strikers included an increase in wages, recognition of the dockyard workers' union and a promise not to dismiss the leaders of the strike movement.

The largest Japanese dockyard, the largest in Japan, issued a manifesto today in which they stated they wanted joint control of the dockyards. The manifesto proposed control of the dockyards by an industrial commission, the house of lords and the daily press. In Osaka, the striking dockyard workers are displaying a conciliatory attitude and efforts at mediation have been started.

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ON BOARD THE DESTROYER SICAARD, EN ROUTE TO NORFOLK (Va.) July 15.—The former German destroyers V-43 and S-133 were sunk this evening by the combined shell fire of the destroyers Leary and Herbert and battleships Florida and Delaware of the Atlantic Fleet. They went down at a point seventy-five miles off the Virginia coast, selected as the graveyard for the enemy vessels turned over to the United States after the World War.

The V-43, after being hit twice by the Leary finally was accounted for by the Florida, which scored time after time with shells from her starboard battery of seven five-inch guns. The destroyer S-133, which was hit after twenty minutes. Twenty-nine minutes after the Florida opened fire at a range of 7500 yards the former enemy craft went down stern up.

MILITARY HONORS FOR ARGONNE HERO.

PRIVATE WHO CARRIED MESSAGE FROM LOST BATTALION IS BURIED IN GOTHAM.

(By A. P. MONT WIRE.)

NEW YORK, July 15.—Full military honors marked the funeral today of Private John J. Monahan, hero of the Lost Battalion, who died in Bellevue Hospital, after being taken ill, while on leave of absence from his post in the Regular Army. Monahan died last Friday, and it was three days before his body was identified. As soon as it became known that he was the man, who on Sept. 29, 1918, carried the message through the German lines, that the Lost Battalion in the Argonne, across of civil organizations planned that fitting honors might be paid to him. Today a column five blocks long, marched behind the casket that carried the body to the Church of the Ascension, where a high requiem mass was said, and thence to Cypress Hills Cemetery, where military services were held.

Movements have been started to erect a memorial. The Washington, which is being built by the New York Shipbuilding Corporation, has a displacement of 16,000 tons, is 354 feet long and 45 feet beam. Her four propellers, driven by 20,000-horsepower power motors supplied with power from two 18,000-horsepower turbine generators, are expected to give her a top speed of 21 knots. She is an oil burner and probably will be assigned to the Pacific Fleet.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES RESENT GRAFT CHARGE
(By A. P. MONT WIRE.)
NEW YORK, July 15.—Employees at the immigration station on Ellis Island held indignation meetings today to protest against the charges by Immigration Commissioner Byron H. Uhl, that immigrants had been forced out of \$500,000.

The charges of graft are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl. The charges are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl. The charges are a gross libel on the integrity of the whole of the employees, said Deputy Commissioner Byron H. Uhl.

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TO WED SISTER OF FORMER FIANCEE.

Navy Lieutenant Refuses to Deny on Affirm Engagement.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 15.—Lieut. Louis A. Klier, Jr., one of the three naval aviators who were lost in the wilds of Canada last winter, at the Rockaway Naval Air Station, tonight refused to affirm or deny that his engagement to Miss Alexandra Flowering of Rockaway had been broken off because he had discovered that much of his admirer Miss Flowering, a girl he met more than a year ago, had been married. The reason made public for the break was the alleged fact that the lieutenant was insufficient, and that the engagement had been broken by mutual consent.

Since then, however, pretty Consuelo has practically admitted that her affections have been won by a naval officer, but she refuses to reveal his name. She admitted, however, that she was engaged to him at the time of the break. The lieutenant was insufficient, and that the engagement had been broken by mutual consent.

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HEALTHY HAVE RICH, AND POOR.

Work, without money, is the only way to get rich, says a new book.

(By Associated Press.)

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POSSE CAPTURES CRAZY FIREBUG.

Posse from Arizona Asylum Picked in Mine Shaft.

(By Associated Press.)

PHOENIX, July 15.—Dewey Phoenix, aged 22, who escaped from the State Insane Asylum, near Phoenix, several weeks ago, has been captured in Tombstone, where he was hiding in a mine tunnel by a posse of Arizona deputies. The posse was made up of deputies from the Tombstone, Bisbee and Douglas mines. The posse was made up of deputies from the Tombstone, Bisbee and Douglas mines. The posse was made up of deputies from the Tombstone, Bisbee and Douglas mines.

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Y 16, 1921. (PART I.)

HEALTHY PEOPLE
Have Rich, Red Blood
Work without blood is impossible for a body of flesh. It is the life-giving force, the power that makes the body healthy and strong. It is the life-giving force, the power that makes the body healthy and strong. It is the life-giving force, the power that makes the body healthy and strong.

Victor Girard's West Adams Place
—an oasis in the midst of costly homes and high rent areas. It's the Mecca towards which those in search of a real home at a moderate price wend their way.

A glance at the accompanying diagram shows the unequalled location of West Adams Place—it shows its close proximity to the beautiful mansions of the exclusive West Adams district—the "show" places of Los Angeles!

If you're tired of paying rent—living in a house or apartment that's no more than a "parking place"—a place to change your clothes and eat your meals—then you should see West Adams Place—you'll find it's all we say it is and more—a place for a genuine home life—a place where your "kiddies" can thrive—where you have plenty of "breathing space"—where you get all city conveniences but don't pay city taxes!

Come to West Adams Place—drive out West Adams street, or take West Adams car (5c fare) going south on Hill street—get off at end of line.

West Adams Place Has the Backing of Such Men as

L. D. Sale	Norman Macbeth	Harry Fryman
President Western Wholesale Drug Co.	Official Riverside Portland Cement Co.	Owner Hotel Hayward
S. F. Macfarlane	Louis M. Cole	The Hellman Interests
Dr. Ray Robinson	President Royal Packing Co. and former U. S. Food Administrator for Los Angeles	AND MANY OTHERS

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COLUSA MAN NAMED TO BOND POSITION.
[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]
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WIDOW OF SURGEON LEAVES FORTUNE.
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At the end of ten years, one-third of the \$200,000 trust fund is to be distributed, and at the end of twenty-one years all the rest is to be distributed among the three beneficiaries.

GRASS VALLEY COAL STRIKE IS AT AN END.
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An arbitration board is to be appointed and its wage award will be made retroactive. The loss in wages due to the suspension of work is estimated at \$65,000.

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Try Resinol
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Full directions with every package of Resinol Soap and Resinol Lotion. It relieves dandruff and keeps the scalp cool and healthy. It relieves itching and keeps the hair from falling out. It relieves itching and keeps the hair from falling out. It relieves itching and keeps the hair from falling out.

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Eat What You Like and Be Happy

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COLUSA MAN NAMED TO BOND POSITION.
[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]
SACRAMENTO, July 15.—Announcement was made today by the Governor's office of the appointment of J. F. Campbell of Colusa as a member of the State Reclamation Board to succeed Frank Freeman of Willows, who resigned to become attorney for the board. Freeman will be officially appointed at the next meeting, Thursday, July 30, it was stated.

SAM BROWNE BELT INQUIRY ANSWERED.
[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]
WASHINGTON, July 15.—The War Department's reply to a letter from the commandant of the Pasadena Military Academy stating that Sam Browne belts may be worn by instructors or members of cadet corps provided the uniform as a whole includes some distinctive mark or insignia to distinguish such uniforms from the uniforms of the Regular Army, the Navy or the Marine Corps.

WIDOW OF SURGEON LEAVES FORTUNE.
[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]
CHICAGO, July 15.—Mrs. Jeanette C. Murphy, widow of the late John B. Murphy, famous surgeon, left an estate of \$2,000,000, according to her will, which was filed today in the Probate Court. She leaves her entire estate to her three daughters, in the following manner: The residue of the estate she divides outright, shares and share alike among them. The daughters are Mrs. Cecile M. Benedict and Mrs. Mildred Hurley, both of Chicago, and Mrs. Celeste Murdoch of Indianapolis. Prior to her death Mrs. Murphy entered into an agreement with her daughters that they should carry on certain charities she and her husband had been interested in. These amount to \$25,000 a year.

At the end of ten years, one-third of the \$200,000 trust fund is to be distributed, and at the end of twenty-one years all the rest is to be distributed among the three beneficiaries.

GRASS VALLEY COAL STRIKE IS AT AN END.
[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]
GRASS VALLEY, July 15.—A strike and lockout of miners in this region, which affected more than 200 men, have ended. It was announced today by representatives of both sides. In a meeting last night arbitration was accepted and an agreement was reached that the men return to work.

An arbitration board is to be appointed and its wage award will be made retroactive. The loss in wages due to the suspension of work is estimated at \$65,000.

Cuticura Soap
—The Safety Razor—
Shaving Soap
Cuticura Soap shaves without cutting. Everywhere.

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Whiskers Highest Class Lowest Priced Residence Property.

A. B. RUTMAN & CO.
200 Title Insurance Bldg.

Free Auto Trip To Oil Fields
Telephone Broadway 702 or Automatic 6712 for free trip reservations. Private car.

Business; Financial; Markets; Investment.

DAILY TRADE TALK.

In the Oatman District; Business Merger. Gold Reserve Grows.

BY CHAPIN HALL.

The Oatman gold field has been submerged in the general depression for so long that the fact that it continues to be a consistent producer has been nearly lost sight of. The operating companies in this district are heavily financed in Los Angeles, and unfortunately, some of the non-operating companies are too. Responding to numerous inquiries from anxious investors, Keith St. Charles, a Kingman (Ariz.) newspaperman, well informed in the intricacies of the Oatman field, has made an impromptu survey for Trade Talk.

He reports that the Tom Reed Mining Company has carried its drift towards United Eastern and Big Jim, and for several days have been cutting ore pockets and are now ready to stop. This ore body, he says, has an average width of nine feet, with average values of \$15. This drift is from the Astor shaft, which is located 780 feet east of the Big Jim line, and the ore body is therefore long on Tom Reed ground. No drifting has been done on this level east of the shaft so far, but on the level of the long ore shoot is out. The ore on this level is of much higher grade than on the levels above, and the investigator says that he is informed that Tom Reed is now in excellent condition.

In addition to this new ore, Red Cloud shaft is down 730 feet, and the United Eastern shaft when the management gives the word. United Eastern is sinking a double-compartment shaft west of Red Cloud. This shaft is now down 300 feet and is making depth at the rate of 300 feet a month. The present contract will carry it 800 feet, and United Eastern will have a new mine on this ground.

United American is going to work with its mine from the \$20 to the 1000-foot level, which will conform with the 700-foot level of Red Cloud. If the ore goes to this depth they will erect a mill at once.

Even though a big fire has failed to throw damper on the new line, which is coming to Oatman, and with important new ore bodies and lowering cost of production the old residents feel sure of prosperous days ahead. With no change in the value of gold, the commodity prices are of distinct benefit.

BUSINESS MERGER.

A consolidation of two of the oldest loan associations in Los Angeles has just been perfected as a result of which the interests of the Southern California and the Metropolitan companies are merged, and a reorganization of the combined companies will be no change in personnel or scope except in so far as the latter is enlarged through such an amalgamation.

The Metropolitan company is thirty-five years old, and the Southern California company is twenty years old. It is the boast of S. L. Leland, general manager for the combined companies, that in all that long service neither organization has sustained a loss, and but few proper- ties have been taken over.

The reorganized corporation is chartered under the supervision of the State Banking Commission, and according to the prospectus the "aim and purpose is to aid and encourage its members, by making it profitable for them to learn and practice thrift by regular, systematic savings, and to provide a means by which every family may procure a home."

For the fiscal year ended June 30, the company's resources included \$2,110,743 in loans, and Manager Leland is exceedingly optimistic concerning the future growth and development of the organization.

Charles E. Donnan, who was president of the Southern California Loan Association, is at the head of the merged company, and J. W. Greiner, who was president of the Metropolitan, is first vice-president. Other officers are Julius H. Martin, secretary; E. W. Anderson, general manager; Mabel C. McCaleb, assistant secretary; and Mary Schroeder, cashier. In addition, the directorate includes I. B. Newton, Robert N. Bull, C. Seligman, James E. Glat, Charles J. Hakes, J. W. Fortman, John J. Malone, George W. Grimes, Norman R. Martin, Walter Devereux, Horace S. Wilson. The office is at No. 431 West Fifth street.

FEDERAL RESERVE.

Gold reserve increased \$4,412,000 in the Federal Reserve Bank for the twelfth district, according to a comparative statement of the Federal Reserve Bank for the week ending July 12, issued yesterday from the branch bank at San Francisco. The gold reserve was \$205,919,000, and for July 12, \$210,331,000, comparing with \$217,938,000 for the corresponding week in 1920.

Total bills on hand were \$149,164,000; currency in circulation, \$117,000,000; total deposits, \$1,117,829,000; preceding week, \$1,117,877,000; last year, \$1,153,528,000. Federal reserve notes in actual circulation, \$127,217,000.

Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal reserve notes combined increased from 60 per cent a week ago to 61.6 per cent, and the ratio of gold reserves to Federal reserve notes in circulation, after setting aside 10 per cent against deposits, increased from 76 per cent to 78.9 per cent. In the twelfth district discount rates on all classes of paper remain at 6 per cent.

CLOCK TURNED BACK.

The present crisis is almost an exact duplication of that which followed the end of the Civil War, when the Federal government was opened to the investor who could look a bit ahead.

Standard government and other bonds issued at a rate of interest undreamed of in peace times were sold at a discount, because the institutions behind them needed cash, and investors were enough to buy the bonds.

Then came readjustments. Gradually the capitalists of industry and grandfathers' time marshaled their forces and smoothed the kinks out of the financial situation. Interest rates on new bond issues have backed to old peace-time figures. The intrinsic worth of the war issues had to be proven, and then the golden post-bellum investment opportunities vanished.

And this is exactly what investment bankers say will happen under present-day conditions, when war and after-war conditions have practically duplicated grandfather's time.

FOOD IN STORAGE.

Butter storage declined in Los Angeles warehouses for the week ended July 13 by 239,000 pounds over the corresponding date last year, but other commodities showed a heavy increase, especially apples. The cold storage report for the week follows:

Commodity	Last year	This year
Apples (cases)	97,000	147,000
Butter (casks)	200,000	14,000
Cheese (pounds)	43,500	1,481,475
Apples (cases)	1,481,475	2,000

DECISION STANDS.

The Railroad Commission has refused to reopen the power rate case in which the surcharge of the Pacific Gas & Electric Company was cut from 10 to 8 per cent.

PURE ADVERTISING.

The executive committee of the Investment Bankers' Association of America has inaugurated a campaign for better advertising. The resolutions adopted by the committee allege "highly speculative" and in many instances "obviously fraudulent" offerings and enter a protest to the Commission against the Corporation's advertisement and sale of such issues.

PARADE REST.

Another series of parades and the duties of host to visiting Elks again had their effect yesterday, and the volume of transactions in the financial district were comparatively small. Today will be observed more or less as a holiday and no new business will be undertaken before next week.

LOS ANGELES STOCKS.

It was one of the quietest days of the year on the floor of the Exchange yesterday. The floral parade, the short session and only a few transactions were recorded. These included the transfer of small blocks of Associated Oil at \$8.25; General Petroleum at \$5.00; United Eastern at 2.25; Rice Ranch Oil at 1.15; Los Angeles Investment at 80 cents; and Republic Petroleum at 30 1/2 cents.

NEW HIGHWAY ISSUE.

Blyth, Witter & Co. will offer today a recently acquired issue of \$5,000,000 California State Highway bonds priced to yield 5 1/2 per cent.

BUTTER UP.

After a long period of quiescence butter advanced 1 cent per pound on the Los Angeles Produce Exchange yesterday. There was no further advance in the price of fresh extra or case count eggs, which remain at 37 and 34 cents per dozen, exchange quotations.

DOW JONES SUMMARY.

Mexico City dispatch says modification of decree increasing tax on oil exports under consideration. But Obregon has issued no decree revoking the order.

Japan approval of President Harding's disarmament but is silent on problems affecting Far East.

Supreme Court at Chicago denies petition of minority stockholders of Chicago Utilities Co. for injunction stopping sale in New York today of \$2,000,000 of bonds of the company.

Court of Appeals at Albany reverses decision on constitutionality of soldiers' bonus law.

Federal Reserve Board's weekly statement shows rise in bank's ratio from 60 to 61.6 per cent.

New York Federal Reserve Bank's ratio advanced from 66.3 to 64.7 per cent.

Federal Court in Chicago denies petition of packing-house employees for cut in wages of employees.

Secretary Mellon says Allied war debts will not be cancelled.

General revenue report shows great benefit from corn, which was in a very critical state.

Western Union, for six months ended June 30, earned \$4.07 a share on stock against \$7.08 same period in 1920.

Average price twenty industrial 67.50; oil 10; twenty railroads 10.90; off 14.

THE COUNTRY OVER.

Shipping Board to Develop Water Haul; Cattle Loan Pool; Steel Trade.

SEATTLE (Wash.) July 15.—An announcement that a way will be found through operations of the Shipping Board fleet to move the lumber, wheat and fruit products of the Pacific Coast by water both in coastwise trade and to the Atlantic Coast, Europe and the Far East is regarded here as meaning unexpected prosperity for the Pacific Northwest. The fruit of the orchards of Washington, Oregon and Idaho will be routed through the Panama Canal in Shipping Board refrigerated ships and by private lines. Fruit buyers now are in the apple districts signing contracts for early delivery.

CLEVELAND (O.) July 15.—Although there is a better feeling in the steel trade here there has been little buying since the announcement of the latest cut in steel prices. The air is clearing, however, and it is believed that better conditions are on the way.

Continued favorable reports emanate from the rubber center at Akron. Unemployment there is decreasing and all of the tire plants are working toward increased production on the way.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.) July 15.—With the cattle loan pool beginning to function for the relief of stock growers and farmers, the oil men of the Southwest are bombarding Congress with appeals for the adoption of the tariff on oil in the tariff bill. Congressmen are being informed that unless the oil tariff is included in the Fordney bill it will be necessary to plug 100,000 small producing wells in the midcontinent there is the source of casing-head gas, the basis of an industry which is producing more gasoline than is made from oil imported from Mexico.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER.
Los Angeles, July 15, 1921.
Cash receipts for the week ended July 15, 1921, compared with corresponding week in 1920.

1921	1920
July 15-21	July 15-21
\$1,177,118.84	\$1,177,118.84
\$1,177,118.84	\$1,177,118.84
\$1,177,118.84	\$1,177,118.84
\$1,177,118.84	\$1,177,118.84

LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

(Following are the closing prices and sales as posted yesterday at the Stock Exchange Building.)

BANK LIST.

Bank	Price
California Bank	100.00
First National Bank	100.00
Commercial Bank	100.00
Bank of America	100.00
Bank of the West	100.00

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Average price twenty industrial 67.50; oil 10; twenty railroads 10.90; off 14.

CLOSING PRICES OF GOVERNMENT BONDS.

LOS ANGELES.

Bond	Price
1st Liberty 3 1/2	100.00
2nd Liberty 3 1/2	100.00
3rd Liberty 3 1/2	100.00
4th Liberty 3 1/2	100.00
5th Liberty 3 1/2	100.00

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Selecting Investments for the Individual

Recently a woman came to us for our opinion concerning the purchase of a 4% bond at a heavy discount to yield 7%. The bond was an excellent bond, well known and highly regarded by investors.

The discussion disclosed that this woman depended upon the income from her investments. She had confused yield with rate of income. She could ill afford to buy 4% bonds and wait until maturity for a large portion of her income. What she needed was a bond that paid her 7% now.

The investment service of Blyth, Witter & Co. is a personal service—a service that selects particular investments best suited to the individual.

We have at this time a very attractive list of high coupon bonds. The General and Refunding Mortgage bonds of Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corporation, for example, pay 7%. So do the bonds of Southern California Gas Company, Central Arizona Light and Power bonds pay 8% and San Diego Consolidated Gas and Electric Company bonds pay 6%. All of these bonds are selling at a discount and the yield in every case is well over 7%.

If you depend upon the income from your investments for living expenses, call at our office, write or phone for information concerning these safe, high-yielding bonds.

And, remember, that when you buy bonds from us you get a personal service, a service that selects the bonds best suited to your individual needs.

BLYTH, WITTER & CO.

521 Trust and Savings Bldg., Los Angeles
Sixth and Spring Streets
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PASADENA HOLLYWOOD SAN DIEGO
614 Chamber of Commerce Bldg. 6404 Hollywood Bldg. 624 First National Bank Bldg.
SEATTLE OAKLAND SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND NEW YORK

District Bond Co.

Announces the opening of its offices in Suite 508 Title Insurance Building

We deal in Municipal Securities and specialize in California Road Improvement District Bonds.

In our opinion the building of paved roads for commercial purposes is one of the most important factors in the economic development of this State.

We own and offer Road District Bonds in all maturities from 1 to 12 years at yields varying from 6% to 6 1/2%, according to the life of the bond.

Among our stockholders are the following well-known men:

W. H. Allen, Jr.	William Hicks
O. F. Brown	E. M. Laff
Harry Chandler	Charles L. Laff
O. P. Clark	Austin O. Martin
John H. Corvley	Frank Lee Martin
F. G. Crutcher	Harry X. Pfaffinger
Edward A. Dickson	George A. Rogers
Trigg Garner	Haley Shaw
Herbert M. Haskell	M. H. Sherman

District Bond Company

Suite 508
Title Insurance Building

STOCKS AND BONDS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—Following are today's closing quotations and sales on the San Francisco Stock and Bond Exchange.

Bonds.

United States 4 1/2% 1927, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1930, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1933, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1936, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1939, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1942, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1945, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1948, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1951, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1954, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1957, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1960, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1963, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1966, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1969, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1972, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1975, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1978, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1981, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1984, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1987, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1990, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1993, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1996, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 1999, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2002, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2005, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2008, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2011, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2014, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2017, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2020, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2023, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2026, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2029, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2032, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2035, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2038, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2041, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2044, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2047, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2050, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2053, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2056, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2059, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2062, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2065, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2068, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2071, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2074, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2077, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2080, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2083, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2086, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2089, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2092, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2095, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2098, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2101, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2104, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2107, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2110, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2113, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2116, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2119, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2122, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2125, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2128, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2131, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2212, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2218, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2221, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2224, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2227, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2251, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2254, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2257, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2293, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2299, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2302, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2305, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2308, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2311, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2314, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2317, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2320, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2323, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2329, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2332, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2335, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2338, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2341, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2344, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2347, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2350, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2353, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2356, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2359, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2362, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2365, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2368, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2371, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2374, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2377, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2380, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2383, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2386, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2389, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2392, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2395, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2398, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2401, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2404, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2407, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2410, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2413, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2416, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2419, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2422, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2425, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2428, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2431, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2434, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2437, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2440, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2443, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2446, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2449, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2452, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2455, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2458, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2461, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2464, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2467, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2470, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2473, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2476, 100 1/2
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United States 4 1/2% 2482, 100 1/2
United States 4 1/2% 2485, 100 1/2
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ACQUAINTANCE SOCIETY. 717 E. Ninth. Socials Tuesday and Friday nights. Games, dancing. Organized 12 years ago. From every state. Strangers should call. 10 A.M. FRIDAY. Taken from morning. 10 A.M. HOWARD C. THIRY, Editor.

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We have \$2.00 per ton on fuel, call 10109
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PACIFIC WOOD & COAL CO.,
2144 E. 7th st.
repair any Swiss or American watch, no

—CRAFT CO., room 501, 626 & Spring.
—Get bids on plans I draw to order.
If cost. PICO 1866.
**WANT TO EARN AND SAVE MONEY. BRICK AND
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—To contract new building or car-
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Call SOUTH 1528-J or 7040-5.
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ED—Man to take care of stock room, machine-stamping company; one year experience preferred. Address & box number furnished.

ED—Learn the barber trade and be independent for life; wages while in learning very reasonable. MOER BARBER SCHOOL, 105 5th St. (See inst. adv.)

ED—Night clerk, elderly man, must of neat appearance. Apply between 11 today. VANDERBILT HOTEL, 826 Broadway.

ED—Young man to assist with janitor work in exchange for scholarship. MACKINAC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.

ED—Skilled carpenters; wages \$7 per day. rough carpenters, \$6 per day. au-
F box 78, TIMES OFFICE.

ED—Skilled electricians; wages \$7
F day. Address F, box 72, TIMES of-
F

ED—8 experienced oil stillmen that
F know to run oil stills. \$3.00 per 8
F 2545 F, 24TH ST. Call Mr. Cook

ED—Job compositor; must be first
F man; open shop; steady work. 3002
F SES, Pasadena.

ED—Meat cutter to take over stock in
F grocery store. 4501 KINGSWELL,
F corner Hillhurst.

Store and Office.
WED-4 A middle-aged lady who under-
 takes the care of children, to care for
 children. Room, board and \$50 month.

ED—Man and wife for ranch work; to do chores and wife to do cook-house furnished. R. F. WESTON, 101 E. Torrance. Phone Redondo 4960.

ED—Man or woman janitor, half day. References. 101 E. Torrance. No one calls. BRATTON APARTMENTS, Winfield st.

Investment Required.

ED—Reliable, energetic real estate man, capable of taking charge of office. Have Chandler car in A-1 condition that will be included in deal. Offered in central business section and

D-Handyman, experienced, reliable, in large family. Call J. M. at 5-1094.

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D-Position by chauffeur, colored, in private home. Phone 21881, leave M. WEAVER

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D-By chauffeur, gardener, houseman, reliable young man. MAIN 1088

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Farm and Garden.
 CD -- Head gardener wishes to take
 up of a first-class private estate. Able
 to give unusually good services in horticultural
 landscape and the construction and
 of gold courses. Mrs. Married,
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JULY 16, 1921.—[PART I.]

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The Times

LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1921.—PART II: 10 PAGES.

POPULATION 1,000,000 (By the City of Los Angeles—1921)—1,000,000 (By the Federal Census—1920)

FLORAL PARADE IS ACME OF SOUTHLAND'S CHARM.

Marvelous California Blossoms Vie With Beauties of Filmland; Fire Horses Get Last Ovation.

Ours was a weary city that tucked itself in its trundle-bed last night—wary of a week of joyous festivities and from an epidemic of parades. First symptoms of weariness appeared on the countenance of Los Angeles late Thursday night, following the Elks' Grand Lodge parade and the electrical pageant, but the crisis of fatigue was reached yesterday afternoon at the close of the allegorical pageant, an iridescent procession of flower-garlanded floats that passed through the business district.

The pageant stylized the artistic side of the city. The first two processions of the previous day were imbued with the spirit of hospitality. They were far better in magnitude and brilliancy, but the pageant of yesterday brought to the downtown streets the myriad flowers of Southern California, their harmonious blending of color assuaging the feeling of fatigue that possessed so many of the parade-wearied spectators.

CROWDS ENTHUSIASTIC.

The crowds that swarmed the downtown streets were thinner than on the day and night before. But they were not lacking in enthusiasm. This was proved by the reception extended to the horses of the fire department, faithful servants who, after many years of service to the city, passed in review yesterday for the last time. It was their farewell appearance in public and there was a touch of pathos in their parting from a life of excitement, of shrieking fire engines and clanging bells.

The love that exists between a fireman and a fire horse is profound. It was noticeable in the fire department division of the pageant. All the garlanded fire apparatus were drawn by the veteran horses. Some, in gay trappings, were led as the horse of a king is led on state occasions. As they were such an important part of the pageant their names should be mentioned. They were "Chief" and "Paddy," "Tractor" and "Tom," "Frank" and "Tony," "Jack" and "Baldy," "Con" and "Kirk."

But the king of all these equine veteran employees of the city was "Bullet," 21 years old, and who had served the city faithfully for twenty-two years. Things were reversed for "Bullet." Instead of drawing a vehicle loaded with fire fighters, he was the passenger on

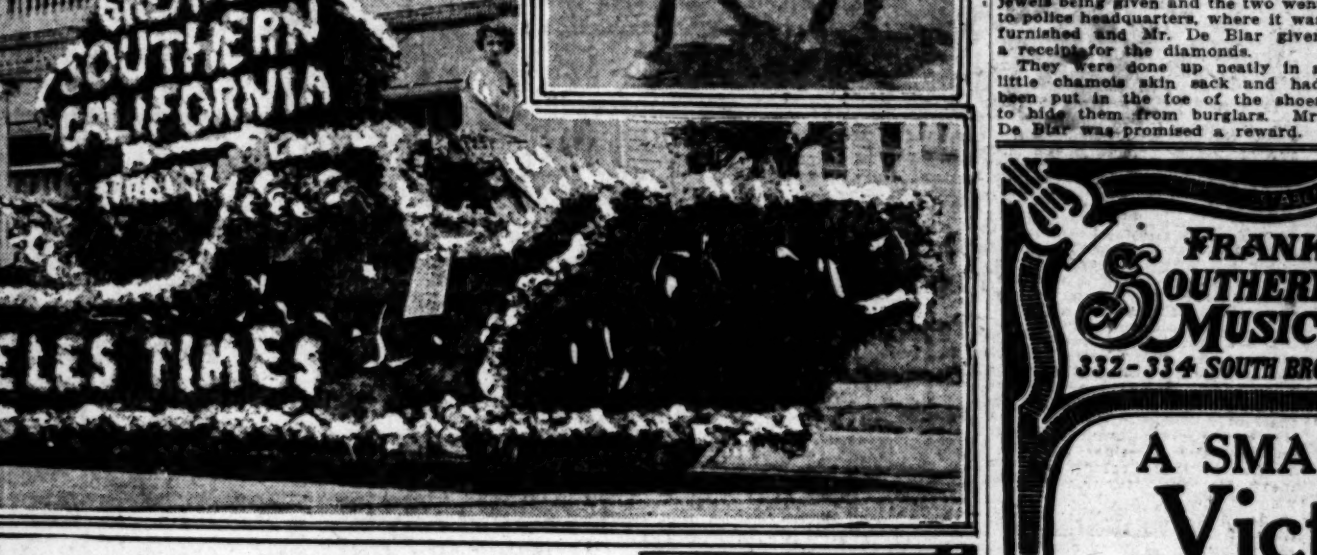
Camera Glimpses of Allegorical Pageant of Flowers.



Lodge No 998 white squadron.



Knowledge and Power, Lieut. Robert Philpot and Jeanette Willet.



The Glendale float.

Along the Line of March Yesterday Morning. The Glendale float won first prize in the fourth division, and that of The Times third prize in the third division, with the "Knowledge and Power" float given special mention in the same division.

PUBLIC SERVICE WINNER. Float in Floral Pageant Carries Off First Place Honors.

The Department of Public Service won the sweepstakes prize of \$500 in money, a silver loving cup given by the Los Angeles Lodge, No. 99, and a purple and white banner in the floral parade held yesterday as part of the B.P.O.E. Grand Lodge reunion program. In this float was some of the most elaborate construction shown in the parade, several miniature buildings being shown on the banks of flowers which made up the platform and base of the exhibit.

First prize winners for the large divisions were: Department of Public Service, in first division; East Side Brewery, in third division; Glendale, in fourth division; Knights of Pythias, in fifth division; Fox Film Company, in sixth division, and Walter Brown Motor Company, with a Stutz entry, as first in the motor cars section of the seventh division. Twenty-two silver loving cups were the prizes for the various winners.

The public service costume was executed and designed by Mrs. Florence Ryerson. Miss Los Angeles, who was being served as reprieve in an allegorical manner by Jove and also in the modern manner of electricity from the great high-tension wire towers, was played by Miss Rosita Rico. Her Miss Los Angeles costume was along lines used by Gale, The Times' cartoonist, in depicting this character.

WITHOUT CONTEST.

In the first division there was no contest, this group being the official escort of the parade and Los Angeles Lodge No. 99, entrance. The No. 99 band, Grand Exalted Ruler William W. Mountain and Past Grand Exalted Ruler William M. Abbott of the B.P.O.E. in a specially decorated automobile furnished by Nischa Gitterson, Mayor Croyer and Chief of Police Jones, the City Councilmen and the Board of Supervisors were among those in the procession. The White Squadron of the local Elks' lodge made a snappy appearance in their special drill formation with white ribbon streamers. The officers of the parade committee, the Department of Public Service,

SPLIT VERDICT IN BANK CASE.

Edward J. Pyle is Acquitted; W. J. Conner Convicted.

Film Man, Facing Prison, to Seek Appeal Monday.

Pasadena Financier Showered With Congratulations.

Edward J. Pyle, former vice-president of the National Bank and Trust Company of Pasadena, was acquitted, and W. J. Conner, organizer of Master Pictures, Inc., was found guilty, by a jury in U. S. District Judge Blodgett's court yesterday on seventeen counts of a Federal grand jury indictment charging them with misappropriation of the funds of the Pasadena bank, and Conner was charged and found guilty of aiding and abetting him in the illegal work.

The question is whether with Mr. Pyle acquitted, Conner can be convicted. Under the indictment, Mr. Pyle was charged with misappropriation of the funds of the Pasadena bank, and Conner was charged and found guilty of aiding and abetting him in the illegal work.

OPENS NEW QUESTION.

Special Prosecutor W. F. Palmer, after the verdict, admitted that the judgment puts up to the court of last resort a question that has never been passed on. It is an interesting situation, in that the United States Attorney's office is not at all certain that the conviction of Conner will stand.

If the judgment against Conner is sustained in the higher court, it will be subject to a sentence of not more than five years in the Federal penitentiary on McNeil Island and a fine of not more than \$5000, or both, within the discretion of the court.

The courtroom was filled with Pasadena friends of Mr. Pyle, when the jury filed in. When Clerk Hardy read the joyful news that Mr. Pyle had been acquitted, a "little cry" went up, he was from Mr. Pyle, who with his four boys had been in the courtroom every day of the past seven weeks during which the husband and father has been on trial for his liberty. Mrs. Pyle reached over and kissed her husband, and friends gathered around to congratulate him.

Mr. Pyle thanked everybody for their kind wishes and good will. And he said it, tears welled from the eyes of "Ed" Pyle, as he is affectionately known in Pasadena, and he quickly left the courtroom accompanied by many friends.

MADE LONG CHARGE.

Special Prosecutor Palmer occupied two hours of the morning session of the court, closing the case on the part of the government. Judge Blodgett began to read his

DIAMONDS FOUND IN WOMAN'S SHOE BY BEACH SHINER.

Five thousand dollars' worth of diamonds were found in the toe of a woman's shoe yesterday by Joe De Blar, a bootblack employed at Santa Monica. Before he had a chance to report the find to the police Dr. J. E. Mayers of 943 Fifth street, Santa Monica, from whose home the shoes came, appeared at the stand and wanted to know what the shine operator had found in one of them. The bootblack insisted on a full description of the jewels being given and the two went to police headquarters, where it was furnished and Mr. De Blar was a recipient for the diamonds.

They were done up neatly in a little chambray skin sack and had been put in the toe of the shoes to hide them from burglars. Mr. De Blar was promised a reward.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

Delivers Your Herrick—After That Easy Payments



What Do You Buy When You Buy a Refrigerator?

Cool, safe keeping of the family's foods—cool, delicious things to serve the honored guest—health and refreshment through the heat of summer months!

Your refrigerator should make these things possible in your home. Buy a Herrick and you will have these things—have them economically—have them efficiently.

Convenient Term Arrangements

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RAINBOW HERO BURIED.

Body of Los Angeles Woman's Son Is Brought Home From France.

The body of Lieut. Sam Hodge, son of Mrs. Margaret Hodge, who resides on Forty-first Place, was brought home from France and buried in Denver, his former home, last week. He was one of the first of the Rainbow Division's dead to be sent home from the American cemeteries in France.

Lieut. Hodge joined F Company One Hundred and Seventeenth Engineers, Rainbow Division, in April, 1917. He served from that time until he was commissioned lieutenant and rejoined his outfit in the Argonne. His death resulted from exposure suffered while over the top on a drive to Sedan.

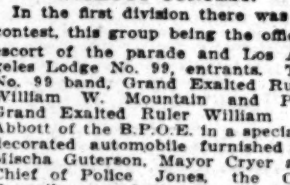
Lieut. Hodge was born in Denver, was graduated from the Colorado School of Mines and for many years had been actively engaged as a mining expert in Alaska and the Northwest.

GRASS FIRE BURNS GARAGE.

Fire yesterday afternoon destroyed a garage owned by James B. Clark at 924 West Sixteenth street and damaged an automobile to the extent of \$2000. The machine was owned by Mr. Clark. According to the police the garage was fired by sparks from some burning



Let the rest of the world roll by



Let the rest of the world roll by

MAYNE GETS NEW TRIAL IN BUNKO CASE.

State's Plea for Rehearing Denied; Evidence Illegally Obtained, Says Court.

Fred Mayne, convicted on charges of grand larceny and attempted grand larceny, won another victory yesterday when the District Court of Appeal, Division Two, denied the application of the State for a rehearing in the case. Mayne was convicted by a jury in Judge McCormick's court on a charge of attempting to bunko Simon Weiss of \$10,000 and on a charge of theft of \$3000 from W. F. Evans of Arizona. The case was appealed to the District Court and the court held that Mayne was entitled to a new trial because certain articles and papers used in evidence against him were taken from his apartment without a proper search warrant.

An application for a rehearing before this court was filed by Assistant Attorney General Keetch. The petition, which was drawn by District Attorney Woolwine and Deputy Clerk, setting forth that the District Court had taken an erroneous view of the validity of the search warrant and that the articles taken were under proper warrant of search. It was held in the application for the rehearing that Mayne's constitutional rights had not been violated.

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Can go anywhere you can and adds so much to your pleasure when you get there.

HERE ARE THREE SPLENDID Vacation Outfit Suggestions

OUTFIT NO. 4 Victrola 4, oak finish; 12 selections on six double-faced \$5c Victor Records.... \$30.10	OUTFIT NO. 5 Victrola 4, oak finish; 12 selections on six double-faced \$5c Victor Records.... \$40.10
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We Have Other Models, \$100, \$125, \$150, \$225. Easy Terms Arranged. Catalog on Request—Mail Orders Promptly Filled



Go To Church Sunday

Farewell Parade for Blossoms

Germany, five, and one each from Greece, France, Sweden and Norway. There will be no naturalization class during August.

The flood of second papers pouring into the office of Clerk Charles L. Williams, averaging more than 200 every thirty days during the past three months. Heretofore seventy-five second papers a month have been considered quite a number.

morning when he was bustling about in an effort to get his big block of New York Bills out of bed and ready for the 8.30 train for San Francisco. A delegation of Mother Lodge Elks, headed by Exalted Ruler Patrick J. McGrath, went to the Bay City, where they will spend several days as the guests of

WHAT IF REINCARNATION BE A FACT?
 Prelude: "Why Japan Hesitates to Disarm."
Reynold E. Blight
 11 a.m., Church of the People, Music-Arts Auditorium, 232 South Broadway.
 Musical Program by B. F. McLaughlin, tenor, and Ruth Snow, pianist.
 Maud Fleischer Gullcher conducts circa Monday at 5.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
 841 South Hope Street.
REV. HOLLAND F. BURR
 11:00 A. M.—"Influence."
 7:30 P. M.—Moving Picture Service, "The Easy Road."
 Solo, "The Voice in the Wilderness."
 Solo, "The Voice in the Wilderness."

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Los Angeles Times

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HARDING CARRYING ON.

Four months in office have been sufficient to thoroughly convince President Harding's hostile critics. In place of the tolerant reactionary and machine politician which they professed to see in him last year, he has displayed a fearlessness and independence of political consideration that is winning the admiration of the world.

An era of good feeling seems to have been ushered in with the return of the Republican party to power. There have been no clashes between the executive and legislative departments of the government. Despite the unavoidably large number of unemployed, there has been less industrial unrest than at any other time since the signing of the armistice.

We have experienced a general appeasement, a necessary relaxation that comes after an arduous and hazardous task successfully accomplished. Without any new representative measures on the part of the government the activities of radicals and agitators have grown noticeably less. The cost of living has been lowered and the appropriations for the annual maintenance of the Federal government have been cut more than \$1,000,000,000. Immigration has been reduced to a minimum until we can Americanize the foreigners now in the country. A national budget system has been established and a thorough overhauling of government departments for the purpose of abolishing all unnecessary positions is now under way. The dispute with Colombia over the building of the Panama Canal has been definitely settled. Our relations with Mexico have taken a favorable turn and it seems that the way is being prepared for a resumption of friendship between the two governments.

All these things have been accomplished without any fanfare of trumpets. They were brought about with that efficiency and economy of effort which characterize competent administration. There has been less interference of the government in business than under the preceding administration, and the resultant restoration of confidence has encouraged investment and prepared the way for a business revival and restoration of stable conditions in industry.

Equally noteworthy are some of the things that have not been done. The courageous attitude of the administration in declining to extend recognition to the soviet government of Russia, notwithstanding the trade agreements made by the British government with the Bolsheviks, showed to the world that there was no lack of backbone in the White House. The association of Secretary Hoover that Russia has been so imperiled by the sovietists that there was nothing left there with which to trade has been fully confirmed. Despite the Bolshevik trade agreement with Great Britain, there is no trade between the two countries.

In one instance, the blanket bonus controversy, the members of the House of Representatives tried to play politics. But the ill effects have been nullified by the fearlessness of the President, who went in person before the Senate and delivered a message warning them and the country that the government is not in a position to pay a \$5,000,000,000 blanket bonus to ex-service men at this time. Judged by the standard of petty politics, his action was indefensible; for he could probably have delivered a demagogic appeal that would have stirred the enthusiasm of the country and led to the passage of the act without just consideration of how the money was to be raised to make the payments. It is always easy for a politician to find excuses for spending public money; but the man in office who dares say that the industry of the country must not be unduly burdened to meet an expense that is not absolutely essential is a rare bird.

Not all the time of the President has been taken up, however, with the routine affairs of the government. He has been going steadily forward with his plan for an association of nations formed with the idea of the amicable settlement of international disputes. The Treaty of Versailles has not been scrapped; it has simply been held in abeyance while the President and his Cabinet consider what must be done to bring about the general acceptance of the spirit of that treaty without making as great sacrifices of national sovereignty as it contemplates. His call for the conference of governments to consider a reduction of armaments marks a noteworthy epoch in the progress of the world.

Whether this conference will effect all that is hoped for it can only be a matter of conjecture, for destiny doesn't furnish any advance notices of the next play to be staged; but the peaceful intent is unmistakable. That single act has put the President's game on the lips of all civilized people. It is the deed of one who dares risk defeat in a noble cause rather than evade responsibility by remaining inactive. The President has fully justified the faith of those who voted for him in the belief that he would do all in his power to create an association of nations for the promotion of peace, one that would find sufficient favor in the Senate to make it possible for our government to become a member.

Much has been done; but the time is not yet here when the activities of the President and Congress can be relaxed. They have only given an earnest of what it is possible for them to do. The problems relating to the Far East have yet to be settled; the unscientific war revenue bill has not yet been amended; American products and industries have not yet received the protection which they must have if we are to preserve American markets for American producers and thus assure a maintenance of American standards of living.

President Harding has begun well. No President in a generation has started better, but it is only a beginning. If there is no injection of political exigencies into government affairs; if Congress will continue to give to the President loyal co-operation and support; if the people of the country follow his advice to "produce and save"—let these three things be done and the wounds left by the World War will soon heal.

CASE OF CONGESTION.

It is believed that the world's record for congestion of the lungs, lights and other major fractions of humanity was held in the district between Hill and Main and First and Tenth streets on Thursday night. According to the bureau of standards and the tables of Mme. Oulie, the density of population in the district mentioned was 1,000,178.20 to the square mile. This would make one of the East Side wards of New York look like the Painted Desert. The fraction was represented by a Filipino boy from Manila.

CONSTANTINOPLE'S HELL BROTH.

East is East and West is West and the strain is most in Constantinople. But the meeting is not that of a bride and groom or an Elk and an Angeleno. It is rather that of a wild cat and a brindle mastiff or of steel striking flint.

Wherefore Constantinople has always been—and still is—the cyclone center for racial storms and tempests.

Looking backward, with the wisdom acquired by two years' knowledge of what it has failed to effect, it is an easy and not altogether unattractive task for shallow minds to pick holes in the Versailles Treaty. The greater number of these holes, Piuma, Shantung, the Ruhr Valley, Yap, reparations, Mesopotamia, are either already repaired or to be patched and ironed out.

But there is still one rent in the treaty that grows worse with the lapse of time. And that rent is Constantinople.

Yet, had the treaty been formed with the wisdom of a Franklin or a Talleyrand, instead of a Wilson and a Clemenceau, it is doubtful whether any satisfactory disposal could have been found for Turkey's ancient capital.

A thousand years of jealousy, hatred and animosity, or overreaching and undermining, the ferment and foster, the proud flesh and rotten gangrene of centuries, cannot be wiped out in a moment by the wisest pen that ever worded a diplomatic document.

So the Versailles Treaty, which did valiant surgery on the various European war wounds, did nothing to remove the swollen carbuncle on the neck of the Bosphorus.

In dealing with post-war readjustments, in spite of prophetic pessimism, the world has not met its Waterloo. But the world may have yet to meet its Constantinople.

Consecutive dispatches from that lawless center—lawless because it has too many, not too few, law-breakers—strongly prevailing impression that if Constantinople is left much longer to simmer in its present undetermined international juices, it will some day boil over and scald the many diplomatic fingers that keep timorously stirring it with long-handled spoons.

Constantinople just now is "everybody's business"—and a schoolboy knows what that means. Too many cooks—and all different kinds working on different recipes—would spoil a far more promising broth than the one being concocted in the Turkish kettle.

Greek regulars, Turkish renegades, British adventurers, French chefs, Italian tasters are all buzzing around the bowl, each scheming for a furtive opportunity to scoop up a lion's dip of the mixture.

And all the time the long, fiery face of Lansing, the architect, smoldering sardonically at the aimless antics of the conflicting European cooks. He alone stands to win anything from the present strange home brewing of occidental needs and oriental passions.

Those long, supple, red fingers brandish aloft a heavy Russian ladle; and if the insatiable cooks delay too long that heavy ladle will come down with a mighty splash into the middle of the caldron and spill the boiling mixture all over the frantic international muddlers. And then the last state of Constantinople will be worse than the first and the European peace-fat will again be in the war-fire.

Of course, we can say with perfect sincerity that this is not America's business. It isn't. In fact, it is already the business of too many different interests. Every fresh interference in the eastern question only makes it more difficult and dangerous.

Constantinople is a long way from New York and San Francisco. Our United States, government or people, has had nothing to do with the brewing of this Turkish hell broth.

This is lucky for America, but mighty unfortunate for Europe. Because the march of events is plainly demonstrating that any international problem in which the United States is sufficiently interested to take a leading part is already more than half-way settled.

But until the Turkish question is taken out of the field of diplomatic brigandage and approached from the standpoint of justice and common rights, a fine, ill workable association of all the nations has been formed to pass on such cases, as our own Supreme Court passes on interstate law in America, this nation will be neither cajoled nor commanded into taking any part in the unpleasant mess.

The vexed question is older than the United States, older than the British Empire, older than Christianity. "Pertinaxur Constantinopolitana," wrote a Latin poet, taking his hexameter in two mighty mouthfuls. And the great perturbations in Constantinople have continued ever since. Nor from the Versailles Treaty is any relief in sight for this cockpit of the Occident and Orient.

REDISCOVERING THE PACIFIC.

The most significant thing in connection with the new peace and disarmament movement instituted by President Harding and eagerly approved by European nations is that the factor which stands at the very center of international problems and which was thrust into the background at Versailles has been brought to the front. That factor, of course, is the Pacific.

The Pacific, our school books to the contrary, does not mean in international affairs "the peaceful," but rather that predominant zone which shall determine whether the world in the coming years shall have peace or war.

European statesmen, huddled together at Versailles and nervously hasty to rearrange their cockpit along the old lines, were dimly aware of the new world factor, but sought to remove it by disregarding it. They admitted Japan under pressure and then allowed Japan to have her own way in a region regarding which they knew almost nothing. They insulted and shut out China. They admitted the pre-eminence of Pacific power, the United States, but refused to see in this country anything more than an Atlantic nation.

Just as surely as the Aegean was the center of the world in Grecian times, or the Adriatic when Venice flourished, or the Mediterranean when Rome ruled Europe, or the Atlantic when Spain, Holland, France and England in turn were dominant—just so surely is the Pacific to be the center for the new era which is dawning upon us.

The two military powers which are not war-worn, Japan and the United States, look out upon the Pacific and have immense interests there. Three-fourths of the earth's population, the greatest market ever available, is now ready for industrial exploitation along the shores of that mighty sea. Europe, in overrunning the Pacific littoral, has paid for it by revealing to the natives

AROUND TOWN.

OH! OH! WHAT A WEEK!!

LOS ANGELES

MISS LA

WE'RE THE BEST PARADERS ON EARTH!

OREGON

BPOE

JOHN BOONE, OF NEW YORK, AND THE DEBILITATED BILL AT THE REUNION

THE BIGGEST HORN IN ALL THE ANTILED HERD.

THE GIRLS ON THE CURB HAD AN AWFUL TIME WITH THEIR SINGING SONGS DURING THE PARADE.

WELL, WELL, IT'S A PITY IT DIDN'T RAIN IN IT.

AND UNIFORMS. OH! BOY!

FRANK JORDAN, DOWN FROM THE TOP OF THE MOUNTAIN, LOOKS UP LIKE A PUGNORSE.

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BPOE

THEY ARE GOING HOME.

BY JENNIE VAN ALLEN.

The Antlered herd is going home. We gave to them as kings gave to kings.

We gave the earth, the air, the mountains and the sea. With outstretched hands we gave the best of all our bounteous store.

And God was good to the Antlered Herd. He gave them sun by day and moon by night and spangled the sky with stars. He gave them the gift of perfect days, the gift of plenty and the gift of a long, glad holiday.

And Broadway gave a precious gift to the Antlered Herd. Oh, beautiful, beautiful Broadway! Like an army with banners she greeted the Antlered Herd.

In the early dawn and at mid-day she bloomed with the gorgeous color of kings.

At night she was ablaze with purple and gold.

Oh, beautiful, beautiful Broadway! The Antlered Herd will remember thee when they walk the "shining way" alone. They will think of the golden glow of the poppy bloom and the sheen of the silvered palm. If God will give them a purple crown they'll march through "the valley and shadow of death" as they marched along Broadway.

The Antlered Herd gave us the best of all their garnered years. They taught us how to laugh. And laughter is the gift of gods. These men who have played the game and taken the risk are men who know best how to laugh. They have taught us how to march. These men who have stood with their backs against the wall and fought the world. And yet they snatched the time to learn the art of keeping step with perfect rhythm. They taught us how to be boys again and how to stop the clock when we might take the time to play. They taught us not to let our left hand know what our right hand had done.

Men with great hearty lovers of humanity! Workers for the world! A million men who are honest-to-God American citizens! A million men who love the flag because it is the emblem of justice, liberty and peace. A million men who have sworn allegiance to one flag and one God! A million men pledged to the work of reconstruction in this hour of national peril. Their lives are consecrated to the service of men.

All power to the Antlered Herd. Yes, the Antlered Herd gave us the best they had to give. We heard them pray when the clock was chiming the hour; when lights were out and the great rotunda was as hazy as a cloistered sanctuary; that hour when massed humanity stood and bowed their heads; that solemn hour when love came forth like a visible presence, while the prayer for the absent brother was intoned.

Oh, valiant men who are not ashamed to play in open places! Oh, gallant men who cease their play to say a prayer that grips the heart and fills the eyes with blinding tears. The Antlered Herd is going home. The Broadway lights are growing dim.

The clock is on the hour. Good night.

REFLECTIONS OF A COLUMNIST.

PEN POINTS
By the Staff

Nobody dislikes excursion more than the railroad here the worst kind.

Why doesn't somebody put the "still" in the stillman's name?

But we understand that Columbus never had to be disappointed in his passport.

The picture of Roosevelt standing as the forerunner of progress is a touching one.

Army recruiting has been going on in Los Angeles. That means for Miss William Harrison to say.

This is the time for the nation to stand as the forerunner of progress is a touching one.

The government wants to see the difference in the government will get it.

It is understood that the national dance of the nation will be held in Washington this fall.

As soon as a man enters a small town all the people know. Ain't human nature a thing?

We really think the local prohibition officers could be more successful if they could get the head of the champagne bottle.

Pity the sorrows of a man who is compelled to wear a Washington dress suit. The lower hubs of steel have come to the national capital.

When we read that a "wealthy man" has done a thing we often wonder if he is a man run of folks or a man run of anything of the sort?

When the other aspirants to the post of Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks heard that W. W. Moore, an Ohio man, was after the job they quit cold. Do you blame him?

Mexico has extended a warm welcome through its Senate to La Follette. Germany is expected to follow suit as soon as the distinguished senator is in the world.

Wisconsin is the first State in the Union to extend to its women the privileges enjoyed by the men, but it is not the most generous in the world.

Of course, the wife has her vacation and the husband has his. "You will find plenty of towels in the bathroom," she has left you a dozen eggs on the table before they spoil.

President Harding says he has learned a lot of things in Washington. And one likely is that a man of naval guns can make more of them than the best drummer in the Calcedonia Brass Band.

M. Dempsey has it over it. The man must pay his income tax. The man before he calls for a Dempsey need not make a mistake until December 15, 1922.

President Harding has been speaking with "words that have been on" as the old-fashioned saying used to say. He demonstrated ability along that line in giving views of the soldiers' home.

President Harding has been seated with a high-backed chair, the gift of 400 officers in various parts of the country when "Battling Bob" is present makes him tired he can sit down.

What has become of the letter writer. Not the type, as exemplified by Charles in his epistles to Columbus, using, but the ordinary letter who sent communications to his friends and good fellows.

Suzanne Longson, the French tennis player, who is a Southern California lady, has with tender her a warm and elastic welcome, even if it is Miss Ryan of California at the don.

It is proposed to erect a statue in the Museum of the generation of electrical power in the days when Mark Twain was a pilot on the Mississippi of dams, but they were of the fine variety and Mark Twain's full quota.

We have ever been of the opinion that the most of the sea travel which have been written by young men and women who have been with a typewriter navigating with a typewriter are all most eloquent in which we are in ignorance.

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POLITICS

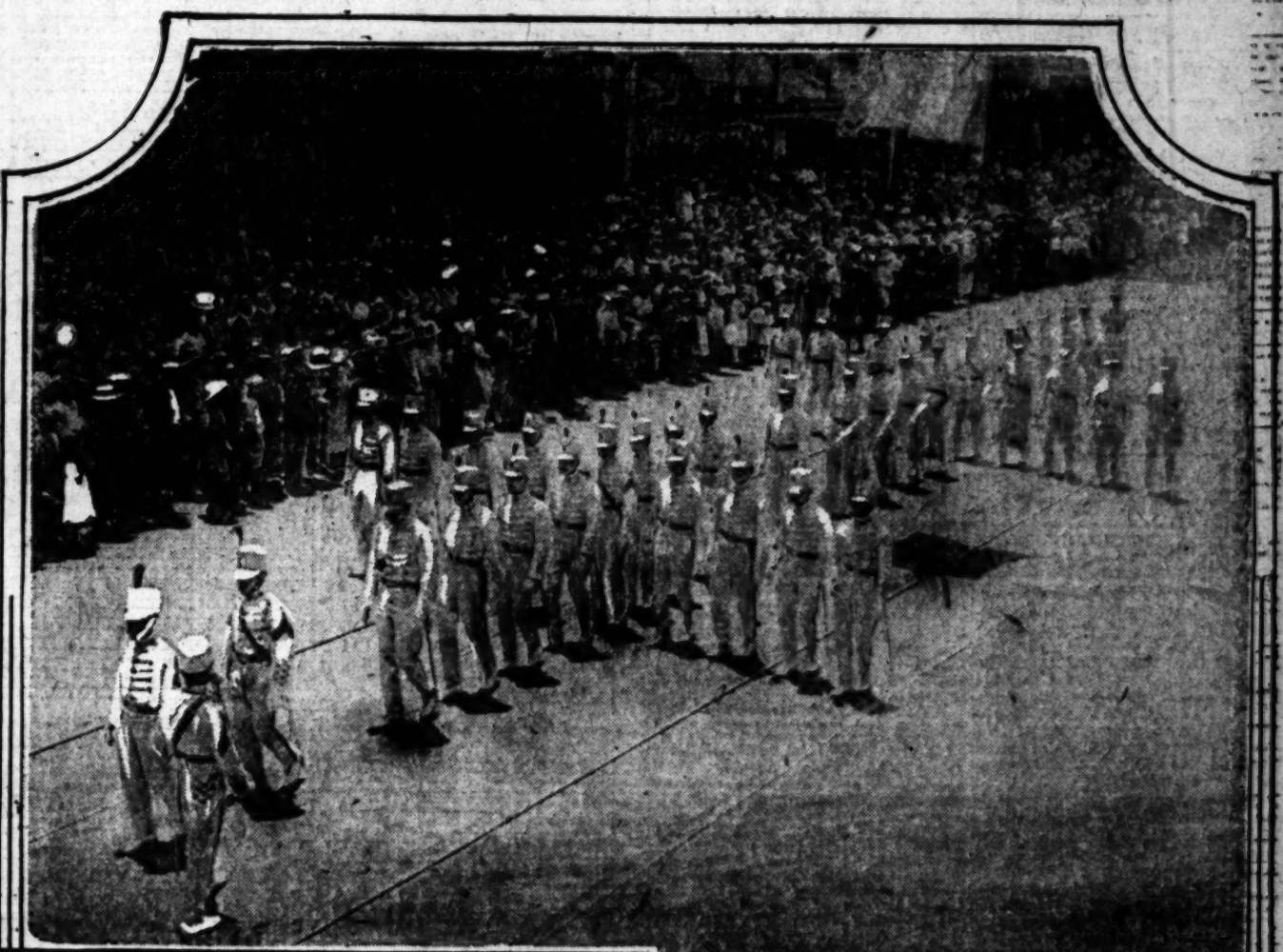
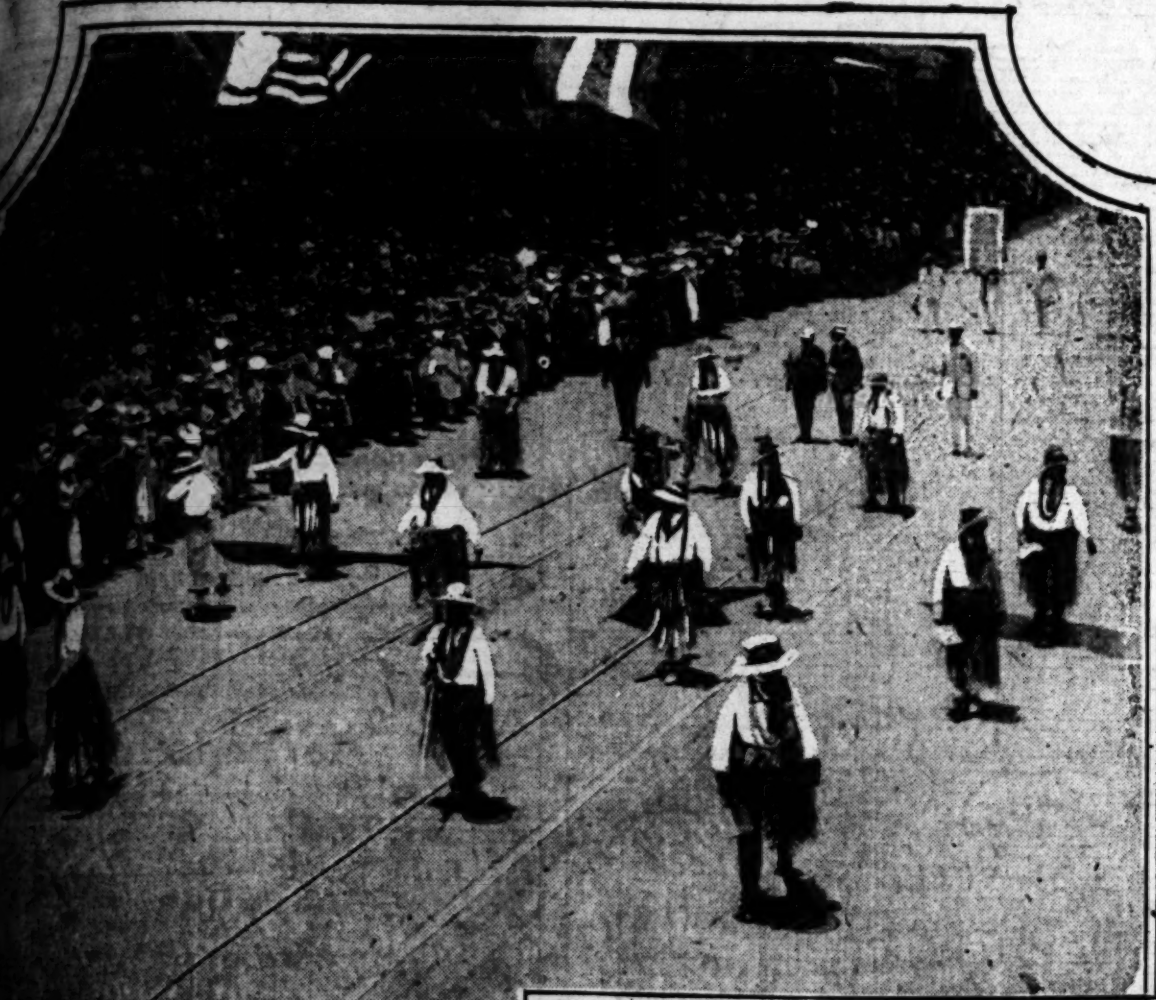
So duty was she, and so his. So manifestly free from care. I took her number with a sigh. And called her Lady Buttery.

But she, with hasty back and glance. With lovely show of circumstance. Made haste my note to circumvent. She said she was the President.

Imagine my discomfiture. So fragile was she and so pure. Yet she was president of the club. Of four tea clubs, the most elegant.

J. R. McARDLE

GRAND LODGE REUNION PARADE IS COLORFUL.



Girls from Manila Lodge No. 75.



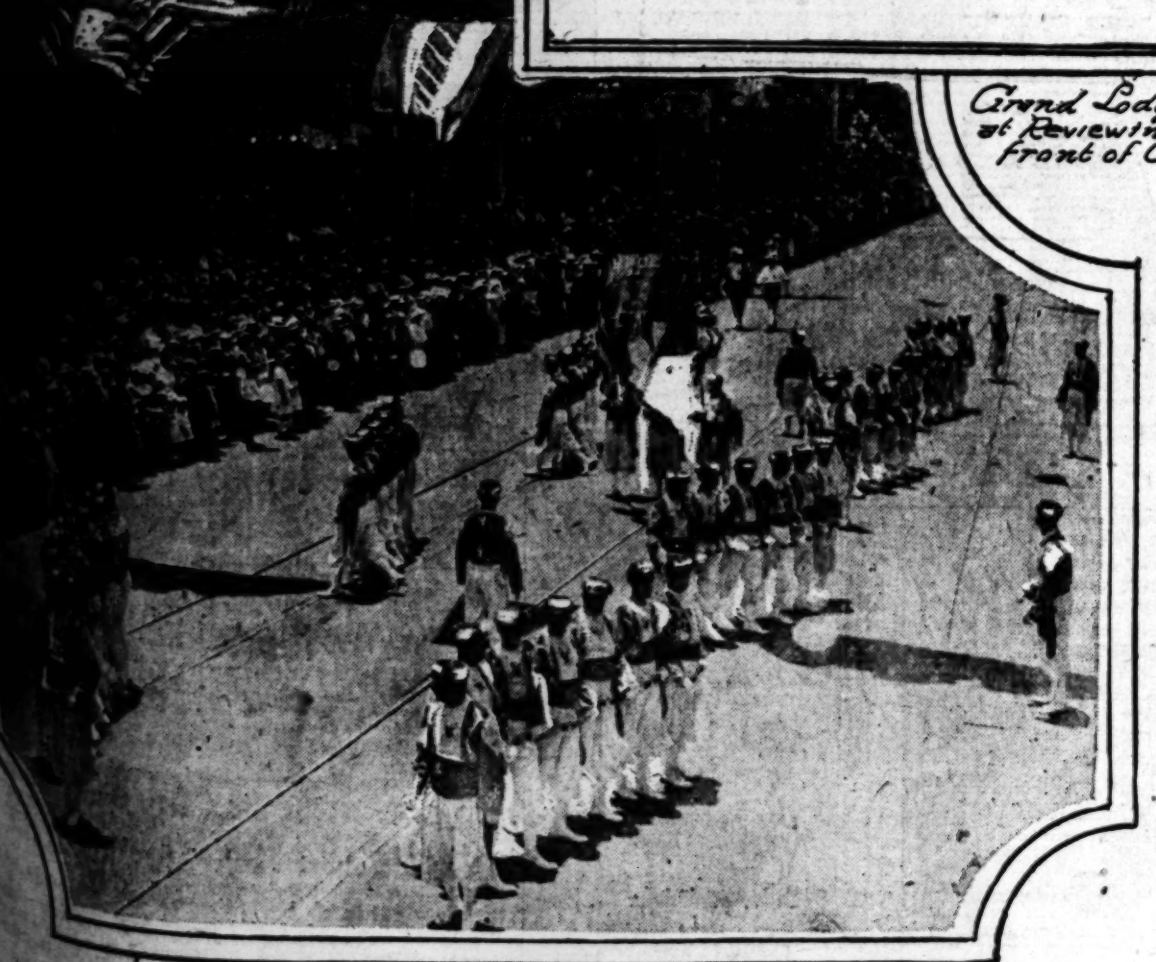
Well in Spring St. - Float entered Worth Lodge No. 124.

Drill team, Seattle Wash.

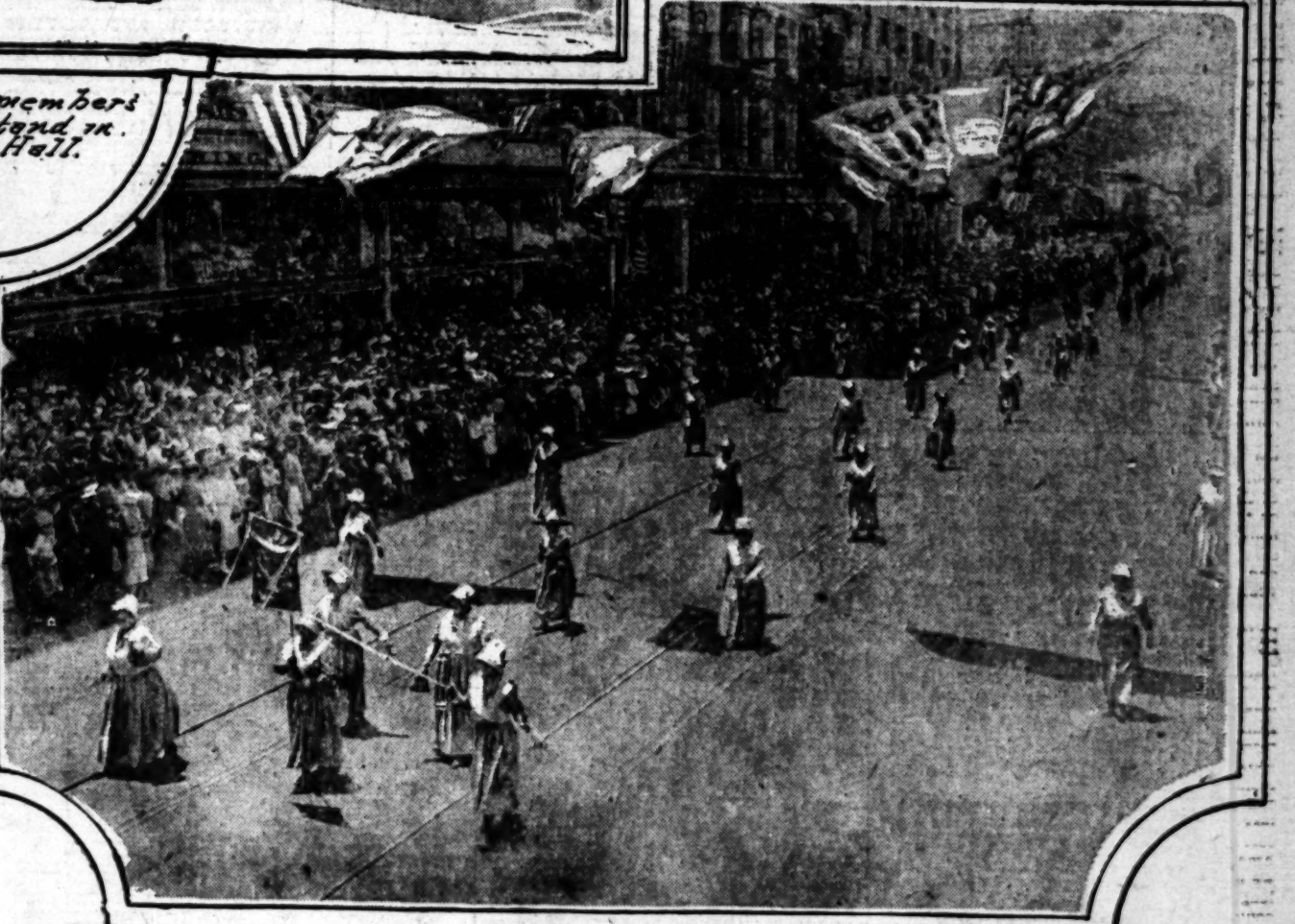


It takes a lot of steam to blow this horn. Don Tobey, manager of the band of Lodge 99 will tell you so.

Grand Lodge members at Reviewing Stand in front of City Hall.



Detroit drill team.



Quaker women in foreground followed by Quaker men, Philadelphia

DAVIS WAS GOING DOWN HILL FAST

Had Tried Every Way to Get Help, He States.

Was Ready to Give Up When He Got Tanlac.

Back on Job Every Day Feeling Like New Man.

"I've never been much of a hand at raising medicines but I can certainly say something good for Tanlac," said Geo. Davis, 110 Naglee St., San Francisco, recently.

"About six months ago I had a bad case of ptomaine poisoning and it came pretty near laying me out altogether. For three months I was in an awful condition and suffering constantly from diarrhea. I became weak all over and was going from bad to worse. I tried everything I knew of but it was beginning to look like nothing would ever catch my case."

"Three months ago a friend of mine recommended Tanlac to me. And it's a fact, four bottles have made a clean sweep of my troubles and built me up to where I feel like a new man. I am working every day now and when it comes to recommending Tanlac I can't put it too strong."

There is not a single portion of the body that is not benefited by the helpful action of Tanlac, which begins its work by stimulating the digestive and assimilative organs, thereby enriching the blood and invigorating the whole system. Next, it enables the weak, worn-out stomach to thoroughly digest its food, thereby permitting the nourishing products to be converted into blood, bone and muscle.

It overcomes, it is said, that great exciting cause of disease—weakness. It renders the body vigorous and elastic, keeps the mind clear and energetic and throws off the symptoms of nervousness and indigestion. It builds up the constitution weakened by disease and mental and physical overwork, quickens convalescence and is an unailing source of comfort to all suffering from such troubles.

Tanlac is sold in Los Angeles by The Owl Drug Co.—(Advertisement.)

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

For the relief of all the common ailments of the human system.

For the relief of all the common ailments of the human system.

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HEARING BEGUN IN DEATH CRASH

Three Suits in Court on Car, Oil Truck Collision.

Espee and Petroleum Firm Defendants in Case.

Large Sum Asked by Plaintiffs for Asserted Injuries.

The simultaneous hearing of three damage suits that have been filed as a result of the collision of a Southern Pacific motor car and a truck and trailer of the Gilmore Petroleum Company at the Huntington Park crossing of Lower Beach Boulevard on January 13, when gasoline was spilled into the coach, ignited, and one woman was burned to death and fourteen injured, was begun yesterday before a jury in Judge Myers' court.

Certain features of the case are unique. Three separate suits have been consolidated at the request of the court and by stipulation of the attorneys in order to expedite the handling of the court calendar. Furthermore, as the plaintiffs have drawn their complaints against both the Southern Pacific and the owners of the truck and gasoline, asserting that each was equally negligent, the four sets of attorneys for the defendants will have a sharp contest to establish the responsibility for the accident.

The plaintiffs and their claims for damages are as follows: Margaret M. Billing, \$18,000; Irma E. Robinson, \$10,000; and T. D. Sayre, \$30,435.55. Both women were burned, Sayre suffered a gashed wrist, and all assert that their injuries are of a permanent nature.

H. B. Drake is attorney for the plaintiffs and the defendants are represented by Jennings & Belcher, S. M. Salisbury and S. A. McNeil, Newlin Ashburn and W. B. Himrod.

It is understood that one point of the charge of negligence on the part of the railroad company is that the coach had but one entrance in the center, and that if there had been exits at the ends of the car the plaintiffs might have been able to escape. Exhibits of the plaintiffs will include numerous photographs of the accident and of the crossing, where it occurred. The case is expected to last about twelve days.

CONFESSES MURDER.

Jose M. Soto pleaded guilty to second degree murder yesterday before Judge Willis, admitting the slaying of Rosa Gonzales on March 31. The 18th inst. was set as the date on which sentence will be pronounced.

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CLEAN ART KEYSTONE OF ORIENTAL DURBAR.

BEAUTY, GRACE AND CHARM TO ACCENTUATE PAGEANT, SAYS WOODWARD.

Francis R. E. Woodward, secretary of the Los Angeles Theaters Association, fears the public has not a wrong impression of the oriental durbar that Sid Grauman will produce for the midsummer studio party August 8 at the Cinerella Roof Garden in benefit of the association's fund.

"The association is anxious that the impression shall not obtain that the durbar is to be anything other than a beautiful, artistic and splendid pageant in which every effort will be made to accentuate beauty, grace, artistic excellence and charm," said Mr. Woodward. "It is our intention to reflect the oriental magnificence and splendor of the real pageants of the Far East with a host of the most beautiful girls in Los Angeles brilliantly and gorgeously arrayed in suitable costumes, together with all the panoply and pomp of such a genuine event, in so far as our abilities and resources will permit."

"We are afraid that the public has been led to believe that the durbar would be merely a chorus-girl show where physical charm only would be the standard. On the contrary we anticipate that there will be more society girls and nonprofessional contestants for the prize than professional contestants."

Copies were received here yesterday of a resolution passed by the California group, Investment Bankers' Association of America, with headquarters in San Francisco, protesting against the advertising of highly speculative and suspected fraudulent issue of oil and mining stocks. The resolution appeals to the Commissioner of Corporations and asks the co-operation of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in a campaign to stamp out fraudulent advertising.

Oh, Man!

(Copyright, 1931, New York Tribune, Inc.)

LISTEN JACK - A LITTLE PARTY TO JUST A FEW OF MY FRIENDS - IF YOU RUN ACROSS ANY OF OUR OLD GANG TELL 'EM TO COME UP THURSDAY NIGHT.

SURE JOE

FRANK - JOE JORKIN IS HAVING A LITTLE PARTY THURSDAY NIGHT - BE THERE - HE'S GOT A CASE OF HOOD.

I'LL BE THERE

HEY BILL - DO YOU KNOW JOE JORKIN - WELL HE'S HAVING JUST A FEW OF THE OLD TIMERS UP AT HIS PLACE THURSDAY NIGHT - THEY SAY HE'S GOT A CASE OF HOOD.

SURE - I THINK I MET HIM ONCE

HEY JOE - JUDGE M'QUADE CAN'T COME - SUMMITT TO BE REMEMBERED

WHEN DOES THE FINE BEGIN?

I'LL TAKE MINE AND GO

HEY JOE - JACK POWERS SAYS HE'LL BE ALONG LATER

HI JOE

LO JOE OLD KID - LISTEN JIN GORDON SENDS HIS REGARDS

YOU SHOULD HAVE BEEN HERE LAST NIGHT

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ASKS ESTATE POWER.

Woman Petitions for Administration Letters for Husband's Property.

Irma Gordon Oliver yesterday petitioned for letters of administration for the estate of her husband, William E. Oliver, who died June 28, leaving property valued at \$55,000 and no will.

The heirs include the widow, two sons and a daughter and the estate is cited as insurance, stocks and bonds valued at \$20,000 and \$25,000 worth of real estate.

AGAINST FRAUDS.

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HEY JOE - JACK POWERS SAYS HE'LL BE ALONG LATER

HI JOE

LO JOE OLD KID - LISTEN JIN GORDON SENDS HIS REGARDS

YOU SHOULD HAVE BEEN HERE LAST NIGHT

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Oh, Man!

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LISTEN JACK - A LITTLE PARTY TO JUST A FEW OF MY FRIENDS - IF YOU RUN ACROSS ANY OF OUR OLD GANG TELL 'EM TO COME UP THURSDAY NIGHT.

SURE JOE

FRANK - JOE JORKIN IS HAVING A LITTLE PARTY THURSDAY NIGHT - BE THERE - HE'S GOT A CASE OF HOOD.

I'LL BE THERE

HEY BILL - DO YOU KNOW JOE JORKIN - WELL HE'S HAVING JUST A FEW OF THE OLD TIMERS UP AT HIS PLACE THURSDAY NIGHT - THEY SAY HE'S GOT A CASE OF HOOD.

SURE - I THINK I MET HIM ONCE

HEY JOE - JUDGE M'QUADE CAN'T COME - SUMMITT TO BE REMEMBERED

WHEN DOES THE FINE BEGIN?

I'LL TAKE MINE AND GO

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**TWENTY-SIXTH
TIME IN COURT**

[illegible][illegible]

